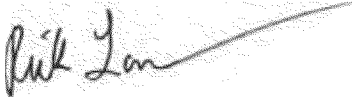




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## **Seven Hills Mine HGM - Response to EPA Comments**

To: Mr. Bryce West, Peabody Energy  
From: Rick Larsen, Eco-Tech Consultants, Inc.   
Subject: **2017 Hydrogeomorphic Assessment of the Seven Hills Mine Update**  
Warrick County, Indiana  
Eco-Tech Consultants Project LV2017009

Date: May 16, 2017

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In response to comments presented by the EPA regarding the Hydrogeomorphic Assessment (HGM) conducted at the proposed Seven Hills Surface Mine site, Eco-Tech offers the following points for clarification:

### **1. Weighted Functional Capacity Indices**

FCIs should be weighted by area and cover types should be segregated into partial wetland assessment areas.

As the HGM is a measure of functional quality over a representative area, giving it equal weight to each plot separate of the relative acreage it represents of the site, under-represents the condition of the forested areas onsite. Since the WKY Guidebook uses a mature forest as the reference standard condition, areas of herbaceous and shrub cover will show decreases in vegetative subindices. According to the WKY Guidebook, areas of varying cover types should be segregated into separate partial wetland assessment areas, so that the effects of the earlier successional vegetative community types can be evaluated apart from the more mature forested communities. By identifying the areas and associated acreages the plots represent, a detailed discussion of avoidance and minimization efforts can be applied, where practicable, and then calculated directly for the wetland resource impacted.

In 2006, Eco-tech provided areas and associated acreages that each of the sample plots represented. They also provided several estimate plot values for area, where scores would be different based on certain parameters such as proximity to streams.

***Eco-Tech - See tables below for estimated functional capacity units (FCU) for the Seven Hills Mine wetland impacts and avoidances based on average FCI's by wetland type.***

Wetland Type	Total Impacted Acreage	Avg. FCI	FCU
PFO	451.17	0.90	406.05
PEM	22.67	0.68	15.42
PSS	18.45	0.77	14.21
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>492.29</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>435.68</b>

Wetland Type	Total Avoided Acreage	Avg. FCI	FCU
PFO	218.14	0.90	196.33
PEM	25.09	0.68	17.06
PSS	56.62	0.77	43.60
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>299.85</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>256.98</b>

## **2. Direct comparison of 2006 and 2017 data**

The relocation of plots prevented a direct comparison of all the 2006 and 2017 data. While we understand the need to represent the conditions and various cover types within the sites, adding plots to allow the direct comparison of all sites is preferred.

Additionally, there were changes in some individual variables which were not fully explained (Vslope, Vstore, Vwtslope, Vohor, Vahor) that little or no change would be expected given that site conditions were relatively unchanged with no anthropogenic changes.

***Eco-Tech - 2017 plots 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9 are located in approximately the same location as in 2006. However, the 2006 HGM plots were not located with a sub-meter accuracy GPS so the position of the 2017 assessment points could be off by as much as 60-70' from original locations. Plot 1 was relocated to the nearest PEM as the 2006 location is currently a scrub-shrub community. Plot 5 was relocated to the west due to standing water as a result of beaver activity. Plot 7 was relocated to a different portion of the scrub-shrub community due to the 2006 plot now consisting of trees and not shrubs. Two additional plots (10 & 11) were added in estimated 85+ year old forested community stands. Unfortunately the 2006 data sheets and calculations are not available for Vslope, Vstore, Vwtslope, Vohor, Vahor.***

## **3. Presentation and comparison of plots as a FCI means**

Eco-tech states that “overall wetland functions of the Pigeon Creek floodplain appear to have changed little over the last 11 years based on the comparative HGM assessment of the proposed mine site. No

recent anthropogenic impacts of natural disturbances were noted with the wetland assessment area and the site remains in a similar condition to 2006.”

Variations in the individual functional scores and functional measures do not support this statement. For example, plot 4 appeared to have successional changes at both the functional level and the variable measures which include an increase in tree density, tree basal area, and snags, understory biomass reduction (no sub-index score change), and an increase in coarse woody debris. These measures indicate some maturation and successional development, but is skewed by reductions in other functions on every plot for export carbon, maintain characteristic hydrology, cycle nutrients, and remove and sequester elements and compounds. However, portions of those functions were based on reductions in variables that we would not expect to change on a site that has little disturbance and no anthropogenic impacts. See specific comments below on each variable.

#### **4. Representative Assessment of the Export Carbon function ( $V_{surfcon}$ )**

Eco-tech indicated that they changed their interpretation of this function for the 2017 assessment. As stated in the WKY Guidebook, Export of Carbon is “the capacity of the wetland to export the dissolved and particulate organic carbon produced in the riverine wetland. Mechanism include leaching of litter, flushing, displacement, and erosion.” The implicit process in Organic Carbon Export is that the site is hydrologically connected to areas downstream. Although Eco-Tech has interpreted the surface connection variable very literally as an “altered channel” they did not consider the variable in the greater context of the site and other functions performed. The Temporary Storage of Surface Water and Particulate Retention functions both require surface water from the channel (represented by  $V_{freq}$ ) to enter the floodplain in order to be stored and drop sediment. This very connection, acknowledged by Eco-Tech as taking place at reference standard levels ( $FCI = 1.0$  for both functions in all cover types) seems to contradict the assertion that the carbon export function does not take place. We question the scoring this function as zero, indicating the wetland is not performing organic carbon export in any capacity.

Based on a review of their data, the Export Carbon function was scored as zero based solely on their application of  $V_{surfcon}$ . The surface connection variable “represents the internal network of shallow surface water channels that usually connect the riverine wetland to the stream channel on low gradient, riverine floodplains. Typically, these channels intersect the river channel through low spots in the natural levee. When water levels are below channel full, these channels serve as the route for surface water, and the dissolved and particulate organic matter it carries, as it moves from the floodplain to the stream channel. This same network of channels routes overbank floodwater to riverine wetlands during the early stages of overbank flooding.” By Eco-tech scoring the percent altered at 100 they are making the conclusion that the alteration of the system is preventing it from any surface connections and means there is no linear connection through tributaries or to Pigeon Creek itself. EPA recognizes Pigeon Creek has been channelized in the past and small tributaries to Pigeon Creek have down-cut to the point where it may require larger flow events to cause water to spill over the banks. However, it does not take an overbank event from Pigeon Creek to “back” water up onto the floodplain via the tributary/drainage channels. If those tributary channels cannot outlet the water due to higher flows in Pigeon Creek, the surface water draining to those channels will back up onto the floodplain. Once Pigeon Creek flows diminish, then the

flows from the tributaries will drain into Pigeon Creek along with dissolved and particulate organic matter which will be utilized downstream.

The intent of the  $V_{surfcon}$  variable was to represent the necessity of surface water connections between the floodplain and the stream channel to transport organic material downstream to support aquatic organisms. The stressor this variable was intended to capture were levees which prevented floodplains from being inundated by larger stream flows. Although the exchange of surface water between Pigeon Creek and the adjacent riverine wetland/floodplain may be diminished, EPA contends it is not absent. Therefore, the variable scoring should be revised along with the functional capacity index to reflect a more realistic estimate of stream alterations that limit function.

(Noted that the Vohor is reduced in some locations plot 1, plot 3, plot 4, plot 6 where did it go? My assumption based on ecological processes is either that it was decomposed more to be part of Vahor (but there are no Vahor no a horizons documented) or exported downstream because it is actually connected which is not reflected in the functional assessment of  $V_{surfcon}$ .)

***Eco-Tech - As discussed during last Friday's teleconference the most accurate method to quantify the sites surface connection alteration is to look at nearby unaltered stream reaches and determine the average number surface connections and relate that to current on-site connections. On the proposed Seven Hills mine site between Seven Hills Rd and New Harmony Rd there are five surface connections along the right bank of Pigeon Creek (3.3 river miles). This represents 1.5 surface connections per mile. Based on a review of the USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle there are an estimated 15 drainages along the western hill slope that historically would have drained through the floodplain and into Pigeon Creek or an estimated 4.5 drainages per mile. These 15 drainages are now confined to five due to channelization of Pigeon Creek. We used USGS National Hydrology Dataset (NHD) information to look at two nearby non-channelized stream reaches and their tributary connections. Pigeon Creek from just downstream of 50N continuing for approximately 3.1 miles downstream has 16 tributary connections or approximately 5.1 connections per mile on the right bank. Little Pigeon Creek from County Road 200N downstream for 3.2 miles has 13 tributary connections or approximately 4 connections per mile. An average of these two locations is 4.5 connections per mile as well as estimated on-site connection per mile (15 connections over 3.3 miles). Based on an unaltered surface floodplain connection average of 4.5 per mile we assess  $V_{surfcon}$  at 67% (Subindex = 0.33).***

<b><i>Seven Hills Surface Connections</i></b>	<b><i>1.5/mile</i></b>
<b><i>Pigeon Creek Drainage Subsample Average</i></b>	<b><i>4.5/mile</i></b>
<b><i>Percent Difference</i></b>	<b><i>67%</i></b>
<b><i><math>V_{surfcon}</math> subindex</i></b>	<b><i>0.33</i></b>



## 5. Units of measurement

A careful examination of the field data that comprise the basis for the variable subindices indicated that in some instances appropriate plot size may not have been utilized. For instance, some variables are assessed using a 0.04 ha plot, some using a 0.004 ha plot, and others using a one square meter plot. Appropriate conversion factors may not have been used in all calculations which would affect the final variable field estimate and the associated subindex. The lack of documented assumptions and field conditions affecting variable measurement, along with incomplete field data sheets, made it difficult to decipher how the subindex scores were calculated. Field measurements and the calculation of subindex values should be reviewed and revised as appropriate.

***Eco-Tech – All plots followed the HGM methodologies for field plot layout. All tree basal areas, tree stems, and snags we sampled using one 0.04 ha circular plot. All woody debris ( $V_{WD}$ ) and logs ( $V_{Log}$ ) variables were sampled along two 15 meter transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot. Understory stems ( $V_{SSD}$ ) were sampled within the entire 0.04 ha circular plot for plots 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10 and 11. Two  $V_{SSD}$  0.004 ha circular subplots were used for plots 4, 5, and 8 due to higher density of stems. Percent ground cover, “O” horizon, and “A” horizon variables were sampled using four square meter subplots.  $V_{comp}$  ground vegetation was sampled using one square meter plot.***

Understanding changes in sub index measurement and scores. Below are listed the subindices which need clarification. The subindices are listed in the order described in the Appendix B for ease of review.

- 5.1.  $V_{tract}$  – Provide the boundaries of tract on a map with an aerial.

***Eco-Tech - See Figure 2 for  $V_{TRACT}$  boundary.***

- 5.2.  $V_{slope}$  – The slope calculated changed from 0.003 in 2006 to 0.02 in 2017. Please explain the change in slope value.

***Eco-Tech – Without 2006 data sheets it is unknown how  $V_{SLOPE}$  was calculated.  $V_{slope}$  was calculated on the revised plots using floodplain spot elevations between Seven Hills Road (388.8 msl) and Boonville New Harmony Road (382.8 msl). There is six feet of fall over 17,525 feet of valley length for a 0.03  $V_{slope}$ . This variable has been revised.***

- 5.3.  $V_{rough}$  – This is a measure of roughness. In plot 4 and 8, there was no change to macrotopography ( $V_{macro}$ ), woody debris ( $V_{wd}$ ) increased, and log biomass ( $V_{log}$ ) increased but overall roughness decreased. These other subindices indicate and increase in obstructions and would be correspondingly detected in this measure. Conversely in plot 2, there was no change in roughness despite a decrease in  $V_{wd}$  and  $V_{log}$ . Recommend a review this measure and revision as appropriate.

***Eco-Tech – In Plot 4 it’s true that macrotopography did not change and  $V_{wd}$  increased, however,  $V_{log}$  was 0 in both 2006 and 2017. We assume that an increase in smaller class size sticks ( $V_{wd}$ ) from 2006 to 2017 would not necessarily increase roughness due to increased obstructions. We did not consider small sticks to be “obstructions”.***

**Again in Plot 8, it's true that macrotopography did not change but  $V_{WD}$  and  $V_{LOG}$  are both 9.5 based on the transect hitting only one class 3 size log with a 6" diameter. It's possible that in 2006 overall roughness of the plot was higher (more obstructions) than in 2017 but the woody debris transects did not hit any obstructions in 2006. Also, woody obstructions, and hummocks created by downed trees could have been present in 2006 but are no longer there 11 years later. Differences in exact plot locations could also contribute to this decrease. Again, without 2006 data sheets that show the values used for roughness components, it's difficult to know why there is a difference in roughness calculations.**

**Actually,  $V_{ROUGH}$  increased (0.15 to 0.187) and there was an increase in  $V_{WD}$  (29.4 to 37.4) and a decrease in  $V_{LOG}$  (35 to 29.8). Regardless, subindices are 1.00 for all mentioned variables.**

- 5.4.  $V_{soilint}$  – Eco-tech noted that there are no altered soils however, there were changes to other soil sub-indices to include measures of the O horizons and A horizons. See notes on each below.

**Eco-Tech - See appropriate variable below.**

- 5.5.  $V_{wtslope}$  – It is not clear why the water table slope changed from 2006 to 2017. Again without a methodology it is difficult to understand the manner this subindex was calculated. However, it appears from a review of the data that Pigeon creek was treated as a ditch and not a dredged stream when calculating the watertable slope. Recommend the historic bottom elevation of Pigeon Creek used and the depth of alteration would be the difference between the old and new channel.

**Eco-Tech –  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  has been calculated using the historic bottom elevation of Pigeon Creek to determine the depth of alteration. Historic Pigeon Creek bankfull depth was obtained from regional bankfull-channel dimensions using USGS StreamStats. We assumed that the original top of bank would have been bankfull. The current channel depth is approximately 15 feet and the historic depth is 5 feet for a 10 foot depth of alteration. See attached Pigeon Creek cross-sections for existing conditions and StreamStats for historic bankfull dimensions.**

- 5.6.  $V_{store}$  – How did the floodplain storage change from 2006 to 2017? While the functional subindex was 1.0, it seems odd that there were changes in the ratio of floodplain to channel width.

**Eco-Tech – Without 2006 data sheets it is unknown how  $V_{STORE}$  was originally calculated. In 2017 we assumed an average 50 foot channel width for Pigeon Creek. All floodplain widths were measured from USGS 7.5 minute topographic maps. Widths are measured from the contour interval at the toe-of-slope to the opposite bank toe-of-slope in a line running perpendicular to the valley through the plot location.**

- 5.7.  $V_{surfcon}$  – See note comments on Export Carbon above. This subindex score needs to be revised.

**Eco-Tech – See response to 4. The subindex has been revised to 0.33.**

- 5.8.  $V_{ten}$  – Explain the increase of tree density in plot 3, 4, 5, 6, and 9 and how it may be reflected in another metric such as a change in understory vegetation biomass (which could reflect understory succession into the tree level) or  $V_{snag}$  (which may reflect the death of trees from 2011). Also

explain the reduction in tree density in plot 2 and how it relates to changes conversely in other metrics.

***Eco-Tech – The difference in tree density is most likely attributed to slightly different plot locations between 2006 and 2017 assessments. A review of aerial photography shows a timber harvest took place in the Plot 2 area during 2009 and 2010. This was the only noticeable logging we noted in the plots.***

- 5.9.  $V_{tba}$  – Explain the changes in tree basal area. For example in plot 3, there was an increase in tree density by 174 stems/ha but the tree basal area only increased slightly by 0.03 m<sup>2</sup>/ha. Also review the reduction in basal area on plot 6, when the tree density increased by 125 stems/ha.

***Eco-Tech – Plot 3 was relocated due to deep standing water. Plot 6 was sampled in approximately the same area both years. However, this area contains large trees and a slight shift in plot location would result in different  $V_{TBA}$  values.***

- 5.10.  $V_{ssd}$  – This metric was incorrectly calculated. Based on the field datasheets it appears Eco-tech used the total stems counted in two plots not the average of those counts. This change increases the stem count and affects the functional subindex. For example, plot 1 this resulted in a functional measure of 850 instead of 725 stems per hectare and resulted in a lower functional subindex score of 0.50 instead of 0.55. The data for measures should be reviewed and recalculated as appropriate.

***Eco-Tech – Understory stems were sampled within the entire 0.04 ha circular plot for plots 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10 and 11. Two  $V_{SSD}$  0.004 ha circular subplots were used for plots 4, 5, and 8 due to higher density of stems. Plots 4, 5, and 8 were incorrectly calculated. They have been revised to reflect an average as directed.***

- 5.11.  $V_{ahor}$  - Eco-tech did not document any “A horizons” during the 2017 data collection. The Web Soil Survey for the site indicates all soil series mapped on the site developed A-horizons. The procedure outlined in the WKY Guidebook to verify the presence of an A-horizon requires, the soil horizon begin just below the O-horizon or at the surface and is considered an “A” horizon, if it is at least 7.6 cm (3in) thick and has a munsell color value less than or equal to 4.” As Eco-Tech noted in their narrative and is reflected in the soil integrity subindex ( $V_{soilint}$ ), the soils on site have not been altered. Therefore, EPA would anticipate that the soils structure would not change. Explain the changes in the “A horizon” subindex.

***Eco-Tech –  $V_{AHOR}$  was misinterpreted and after a more thorough review of the Bonnie and Birds soil series it has been determined that all plots have an “A” horizon of at least 3 inches thick and a color value less than or equal to 4. Both soil series lack a B-horizon but have a relatively thick (15 to 28 inches) A-horizon located just below the O-horizon. Soils sampled within the proposed mine site generally exhibit characteristics of a depleted matrix hydric soil indicator. This subindex has been revised.***

- 5.12.  $V_{wd}$  - It appears there were errors in calculations within the datasheets. Specifically, on size class 3 tons per acre on the data sheet which appear to be corrected on the final spread sheet. These calculations should be reviewed and corrected as needed.

***Eco-Tech – In Plot 3, we accidentally inverted  $V_{LOG}$  and  $V_{WD}$ . Plots 6, 8 and 9 were all tenths rounding errors. All plots have been revised.***

**6. EPA Comments on Potential Mitigation Site Baselines**

***Eco-Tech – Mitigation sites will be assessed under a separate memorandum at a later date.***

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me at (502) 259-0470 or [rlarsen@ecotechinc.com](mailto:rlarsen@ecotechinc.com).

**Attachments:**

1. 2006 and 2017 HGM Variables and Indices
2. Pigeon Creek cross-sections
3. Pigeon Creek StreamStats Report
4. Location Maps
5. Field Data Sheets

## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 1B (4-05-2017)

## PEM

Variables	Units	2006 - Plot 1A		2017 - Plot 1B	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	55.6	1.00	85	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.23	1.00	0.087	0.86
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	100	0.00	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	0	0.00	0	0.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	0	0.00	0	0.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	0	0.00	0	0.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	50.3	1.00	0	0.00
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	17.5	1.00	0	0.00
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	1475	0.50	850	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	85	0.27	97.5	0.13
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	76	1.00	45	0.75
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	25	0.31	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	75	0.75	33	0.33

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	0.96
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.51	0.40
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.91	0.97
Retain Particulates	1.00	0.96
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.46
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.61	0.41
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.58	0.37
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>0.68</b>



## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 2 (4-06-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2006		2017	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	56.5	1.00	68	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.15	1.00	0.187	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	90	0.10	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	28.5	1.00	10.925	0.55
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	900	0.85	600	1.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	225	0.10	0	0.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	29.4	1.00	37.4	1.00
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	35	1.00	29.856	1.00
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	500	1.00	1325	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	70	0.44	28	0.91
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	100	1.00	100	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	71	0.89	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	100	1.00	50	0.50

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.89	0.83
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.99	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.56	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.98	0.80
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.87	0.76
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>0.88</b>

## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 3 (4-06-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2006		2017	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	51.6	0.94	64	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.16	1.00	0.16	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	75	0.25	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	40.6	1.00	40.63	1.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	525	1.00	700	1.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	50	1.00	100	0.10
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	59.1	0.91	10.3	0.52
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	26.2	1.00	6.2	0.62
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	1500	0.50	250	1.00
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	25	0.94	38	0.80
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	100	1.00	95	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	51	0.64	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	56	0.56	33	0.33

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	0.98	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.83	0.89
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.95	1.00
Retain Particulates	0.98	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.69	0.66
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.88	0.82
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.93	0.78
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>0.88</b>



## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 4 (4-06-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2006		2017	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	260	1.00	112	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.18	1.00	0.145	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	50	0.50	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	2.6	0.13	52.08	1.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	225	0.56	1125	0.70
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	0	0.00	50	1.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	1.5	0.08	11.1	0.56
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	0	0.00	0	0.00
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	12200	0.50	1250	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	95	0.16	30	0.89
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	95	1.00	81	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	0	0.00	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	83	0.83	83	0.83

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.31	0.82
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.87	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.62	0.67
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.77	0.92
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.62	0.88
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>0.90</b>



## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Plot 5B (4-06-2017)

PSS

Variables	Units	2006 - Plot 5A		2017 - Plot 5B	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	312.5	1.00	95	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.2	1.00	0.165	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	75	0.25	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	6.4	0.32	12.77	0.64
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	150	0.38	925	0.81
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	225	0.10	0	0.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	42.1	1.00	23.6	1.00
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	35	1.00	17.354	1.00
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	4725	0.50	3500	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	88	0.24	7.5	1.00
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	100	1.00	100	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	56	0.70	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	44	0.44	67	0.67

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.63	0.86
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.96	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.71	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.63	0.84
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.65	0.77
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.81</b>	<b>0.89</b>

## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 6 (4-06-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2006		2017	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	88.2	1.00	60	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.17	1.00	0.165	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	100	0.00	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	49.5	1.00	39.07	1.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	550	1.00	675	1.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	225	0.10	50	1.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	58.7	0.91	85.8	0.64
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	8.7	0.87	80.8	0.80
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	575	0.85	450	1.00
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	47	0.70	11.3	1.00
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	98	1.00	83.8	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	81	1.00	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	33	0.33	44.3	0.44

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.91	0.94
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	1.00	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.69
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.82	0.85
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.80	0.91
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.81</b>	<b>0.91</b>



## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Plot 7B (4-06-2017)

PSS

Variables	Units	2006 - Plot 7A		2017 - Plot 7B	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	377.8	1.00	67	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.19	1.00	0.132	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	100	0.00	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	1.9	0.10	1.2	0.06
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	125	0.31	25	0.06
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	50	1.00	0	0.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	17.3	0.87	0	0.00
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	8.7	0.87	0	0.00
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	950	0.50	575	0.85
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	90	0.21	72	0.42
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	84	1.00	100	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	31	0.39	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	67	0.67	33	0.33

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.51	0.55
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.92	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.54
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.66	0.44
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.76	0.43
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.72</b>	<b>0.73</b>

## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Plot 8 (4-07-2017)

PSS

Variables	Units	2006		2017	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	53.2	0.97	63	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.18	1.00	0.095	0.91
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	100	0.00	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	p(1) / a(0)	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	0	0.00	0	0.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	0	0.00	0	0.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	2500	0.10	0	0.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	0	0.00	9.5	0.48
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	0	0.00	9.5	0.95
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	60000	0.50	10000	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	5	1.00	0	1.00
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	100	1.00	100	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	0	0.00	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	0	0.00	0	0.00

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	0.99	0.98
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.42	0.66
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.87	1.00
Retain Particulates	0.99	0.98
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.65
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.00	0.00
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.34	0.43
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.57</b>	<b>0.70</b>



## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 9 (4-07-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2006		2017	
		Measure	Subindex	Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.003	1.00	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	55	1.00	63	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.19	1.00	0.145	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	26	0.74	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43.5	1.00	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	100	0.00	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	15.3	0.77	32.1	1.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	600	1.00	750	1.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	250	0.10	25	0.83
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	45.9	1.00	32.4	1.00
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	17.5	1.00	24.1	1.00
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	700	0.60	375	1.00
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	40	0.78	46	0.71
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	84	1.00	97.5	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	75	0.94	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	83	0.83	100	1.00

FCI Function	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.85	0.95
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.99	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.93	1.00
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.84	0.96
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.95</b>

## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 10 (4-14-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2017	
		Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	114	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.145	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	34.7	1.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	275	0.69
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	0	0.00
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	25.5	1.00
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	6.06	0.61
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	875	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	19	1.00
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	96	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	78	0.78

FCI Function	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.92
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.90
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.79
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.91</b>

## Functional Capacity Indices

Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

## Plot 11 (4-14-2017)

## PFO

Variables	Units	2017	
		Measure	Subindex
1. <i>Vtract</i>	ha	890	0.70
2. <i>Vcore</i>	%	47	1.00
3. <i>Vconnect</i>	%	72	1.00
4. <i>Vslope</i>	%	0.03	1.00
5. <i>Vstore</i>	%	114	1.00
6. <i>Vmacro</i>	no units	6	1.00
7. <i>Vfreq</i>	years	1	1.00
8. <i>Vrough</i>	no units	0.145	1.00
9. <i>Vsoilint</i>	%	0	1.00
10. <i>Vwtf</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00
11. <i>Vwtd</i>	inches	1	1.00
12. <i>Vwtslope</i>	%	38	0.62
13. <i>Vsoilperm</i>	in/hr	0.4	1.00
14. <i>Vpore</i>	%	43	1.00
15. <i>Vsurfcon</i>	%	67	0.33
16. <i>Vclay</i>	%	0	1.00
17. <i>Vredox</i>	$p(1) / a(0)$	1	1.00
18. <i>Vtba</i>	m <sup>2</sup> /ha	40.25	1.00
19. <i>Vtden</i>	stems/ha	425	1.00
20. <i>Vsnag</i>	stems/ha	25	0.83
21. <i>Vwd</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	19.8	0.99
22. <i>Vlog</i>	m <sup>3</sup> /ha	5.9	0.59
23. <i>Vssd</i>	stems/ha	950	0.50
24. <i>Vgvc</i>	%	20	1.00
25. <i>Vohor</i>	%	98.8	1.00
26. <i>Vahor</i>	%	100	1.00
27. <i>Vcomp</i>	%	33.3	0.33

FCI Function	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.92
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.82
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.87
<b>MEAN</b>	<b>0.91</b>



Table 1. Functional Capacity Index scores for the Seven Hills Permit Area (May 2017)

FCI Functions	1A - PEM	1B - PEM	2 - PFO		3 - PFO		4 - PFO		5A - PSS	5B - PSS
	2006	2017	2006	2017	2006	2017	2006	2017	2006	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.51	0.40	0.89	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.31	0.82	0.63	0.86
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	0.91	0.97	0.99	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.87	1.00	0.96	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.46	0.56	0.76	0.69	0.66	0.62	0.67	0.71	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.61	0.41	0.98	0.80	0.88	0.82	0.77	0.92	0.63	0.84
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.58	0.37	0.87	0.76	0.93	0.78	0.62	0.88	0.65	0.77
MEAN	0.69	0.68	0.90	0.88	0.90	0.88	0.76	0.90	0.81	0.89

FCI Functions	6 - PFO		7A - PSS	7B - PSS	8 - PSS		9 - PFO		*10 - PFO	*11 - PFO
	2006	2017	2006	2017	2006	2017	2006	2017	2017	2017
Temporarily Store Surface Water	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Maintain Characteristic Subsurface Hydrology	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89	0.89	0.89
Cycle Nutrients	0.91	0.94	0.51	0.55	0.42	0.66	0.85	0.95	0.92	0.92
Remove and Sequester Elements and Compounds	1.00	1.00	0.92	1.00	0.87	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00
Retain Particulates	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Export Organic Carbon	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.76	0.76	0.76
Maintain Characteristic Plant Community	0.82	0.85	0.66	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.93	1.00	0.90	0.82
Provide Habitat for Wildlife	0.80	0.91	0.76	0.43	0.34	0.43	0.84	0.96	0.79	0.87
MEAN	0.81	0.91	0.72	0.73	0.57	0.70	0.82	0.95	0.91	0.91

Aggregate Mean Index 2006	0.776
Aggregate Mean Index 2017	0.834
Difference	0.058
Percent Change	7.5%

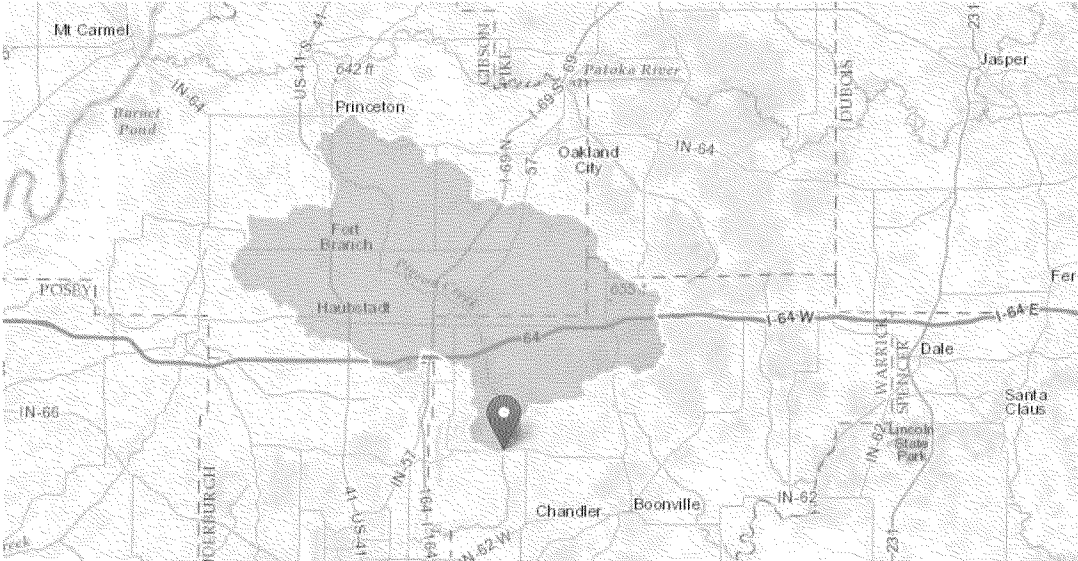
\* - Additional 2017 HGM plot assessed in estimated 80+ year old forest community.





StreamStats Report

Region ID:  
IN  
Workspace ID:  
IN20170508134044798000  
Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude):  
38.09658,-87.39925  
Time:  
2017-05-08 15:44:12 -0400



Basin Characteristics

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	207.85	square miles
BFREGNO		1567	

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [100 Percent (208 square miles) Bankfull South Hills and Lowlands Region 2013 5078]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	207.85	square miles	0.06	186
BFREGNO	BFREGNO	1567	dimensionless		

Bankfull Statistics Disclaimers [100 Percent (208 square miles) Bankfull South Hills and Lowlands Region 2013 5078]

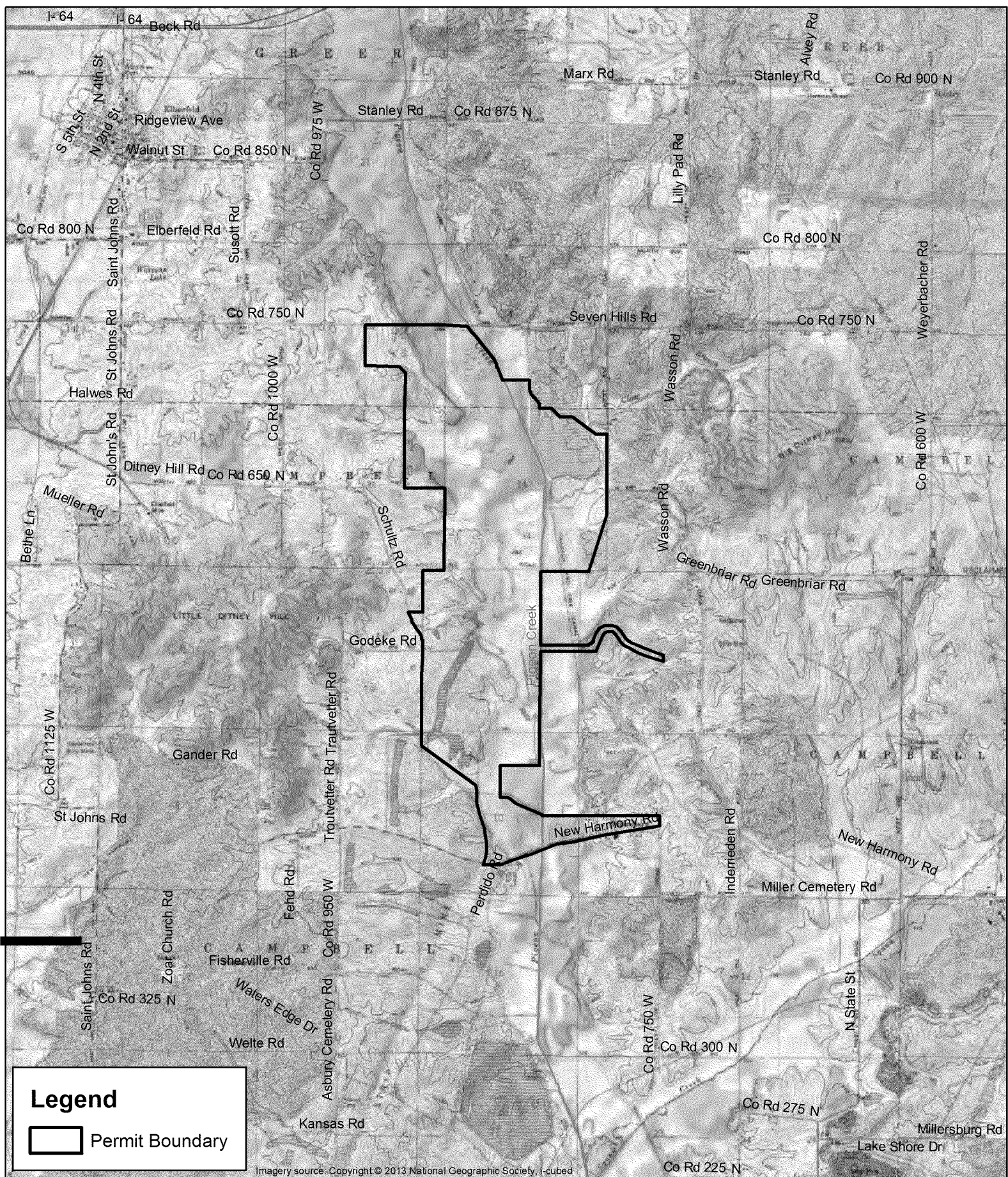
One or more of the parameters is outside the suggested range. Estimates were extrapolated with unknown errors

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [100 Percent (208 square miles) Bankfull South Hills and Lowlands Region 2013 5078]

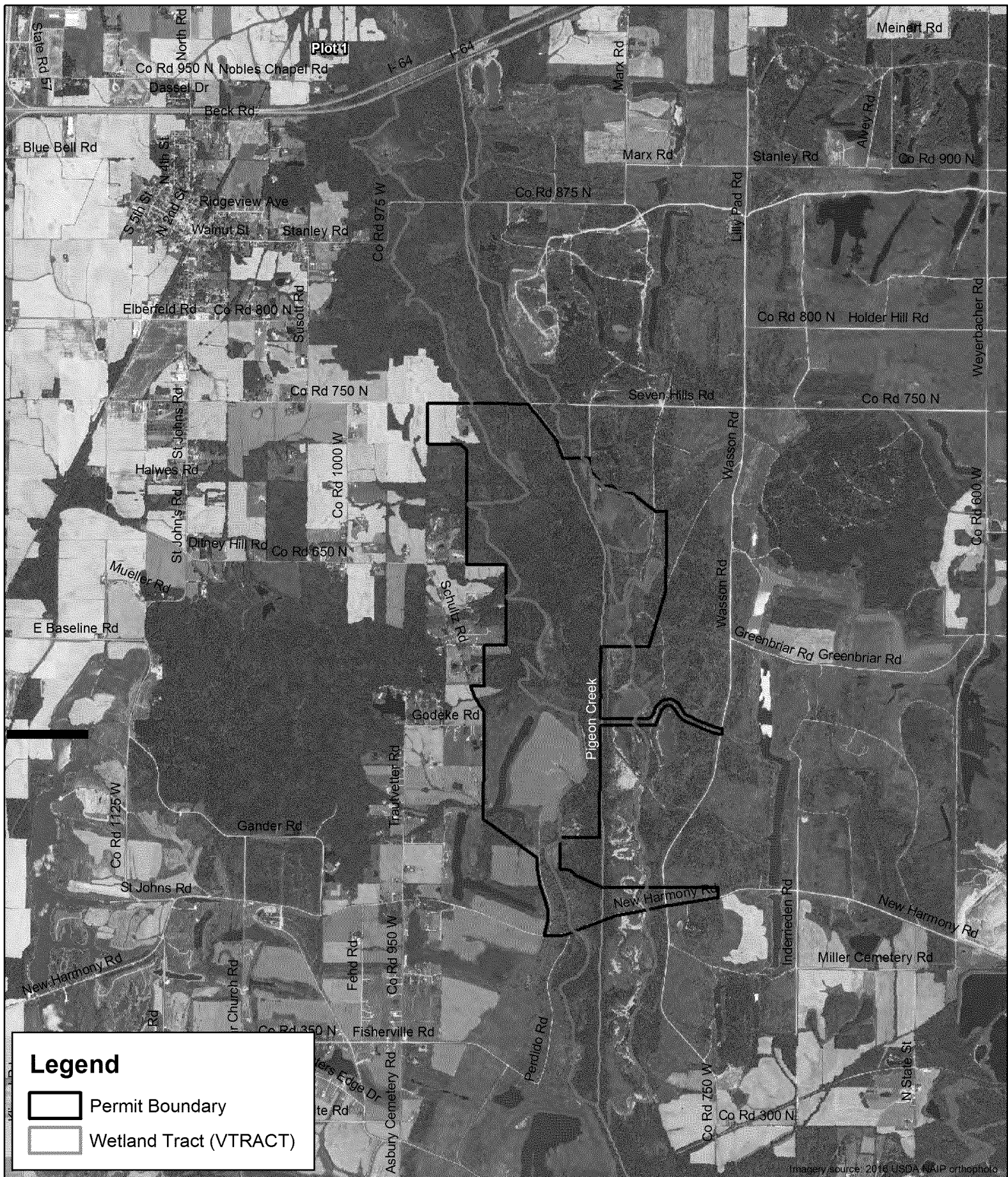
Statistic	Value	Unit
Bankfull Width	125	ft
Bankfull Depth	5.05	ft
Bankfull Area	619	ft^2

Bankfull Statistics Citations

Robinson, B.A.,2013, Regional bankfull-channel dimensions of non-urban Wadeable streams in Indiana: U.S. Geological Survey, Scientific Investigations Report 2013–5078, 33 p. (<http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2013/5078/>)







Seven Hills Mine  
Peabody Energy  
Warrick County, Indiana

0 2,050 4,100  
Feet

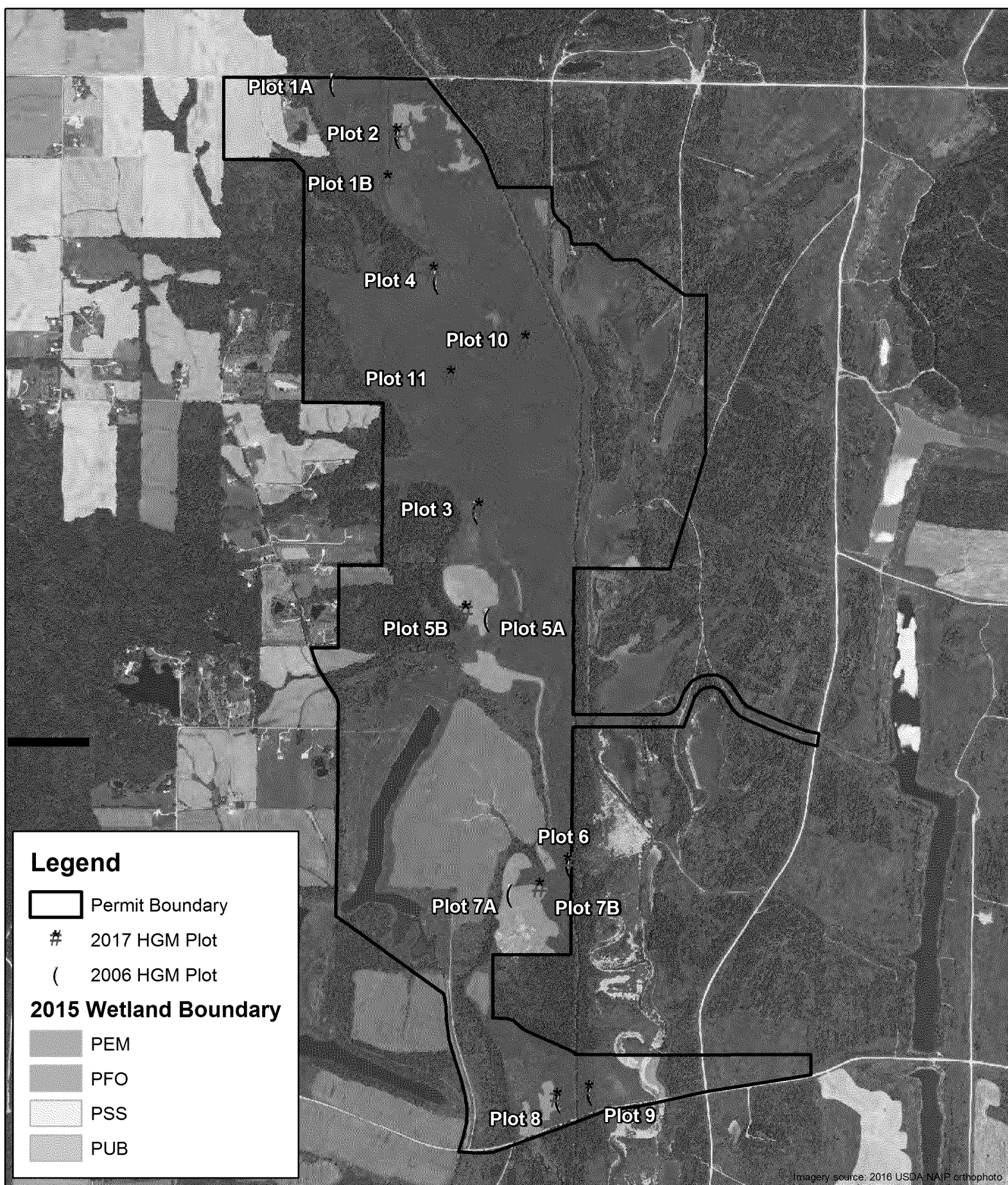
**FIGURE 2. LOCATION OF HGM  
VTRACT**



Drawn by: RRN Print date: 5/12/2017

ETC File: LV2017009





Imagery source: 2016 USDA NAIP orthophoto

Seven Hills Mine  
Peabody Energy  
Warrick County, Indiana

0 1,000 2,000  
Feet

**FIGURE 3. LOCATION OF HGM  
ASSESSMENT SITES**



Drawn by: RRN Print date: 5/12/2017

ETC File: LV2017009

PEN

# Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A+ TEAM  
 Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS - PLOT 1B Date : 4-6-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope .....  $6' \div 17,525 (VL) = 0.03$  ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 4286/50 ..... 85
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient  $0.03(n_{BASE}) + 0.005(n_{TOPO}) + 0.002(n_{OBS}) + 0.05(n_{VEG}) =$  ..... 0.087
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... 0 %  
 SILTY CLAY  
 50% CLAY
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 1B

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 0 m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 0 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 0 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-15 m transects sampled
21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 950 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 850 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled for trees/shrub/saplings
24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 97.5 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 95 % 2 100 % 3 95 % 4 100 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 45 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 50 % 2 75 % 3 15 % 4 40 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 33 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 33 % 2 \_\_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_\_ %
- ★ 1m<sup>2</sup> plots sampled for ground vegetation

Assessment Team : A-TEAM

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : B Date : 4-6-2017

[illegible]

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 0



PLOT 1B

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} =$  0 tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) = 0 tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 =$  0 cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 =$  0 cubic meters/ha

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:

104 SAMPLE Subplot 1 |||| Subplot 2 |||| Average 34  $\times 250 =$  850 stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:

1 95 % 2 100 % 3 95 % 4 100 % Average 97.5 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:

1 50 % 2 75 % 3 15 % 4 40 % Average 45 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:

1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below

Tree = 0 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 0 % .... Average 33 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp. <u>15/20/30/30</u>
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> <u>X:::</u>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i> <u>X'</u>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i>	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

BLACK WILLOW  
SILVER MAPLE

✓ 14 GRASS 41%

✓ 11 BLACK WILLOW 32%  
27%

DOMINANT

REED CANARY GRASS 30% ✓

CAREX VULPINOIDEA 10%

CREeping JENNY 40% ✓

ASTER SP. 15%

CAREX FRANKII 5%

PFO

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-TEAM  
 Project Name/Location: THILLS / PLOT 2 Date : 4-5-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 3412/50 68
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient 0.03 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + 0.05 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + 0.02 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + .15 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.187
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile SILTY CLAY ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 2

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 10.925 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 600 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 37.4 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 29.856 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 1325 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 1325 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 28 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 40 % 2 23 % 3 30 % 4 20 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 50 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 50 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %

# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-TEAM

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 2 Date : 4-5-2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.000079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
BL. WILLOW	4.9			BL. WILLOW	5.7		
BL. WILLOW	5.6			AM. ELM	5.8	✓	
BL. WILLOW	4.0			R. MAPLE	10.0	✓	
BL. WILLOW	5.3			BL. WILLOW	5.1		
GR. ASH	5.4	✓		BL. WILLOW	4.9		
BOX ELDER	8.9			BL. WILLOW	4.4		
SILVERM.	8.8	✓		BL. WILLOW	3.9		
SILVERM.	9.1	✓		BL. WILLOW	4.0		
SILVERM.	5.7	✓		BL. WILLOW	4.3		
GR. ASH	4.1	✓		BL. WILLOW	4.4		
GR. ASH	8.8	✓		BL. WILLOW	4.5		
BL. WILLOW	4.4			BL. WILLOW	4.2		

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 0.437 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 10.925 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 24 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 600 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 0 stems/ha

21/22.  $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 1 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 1 tons / acre =  $0.187 \times \text{total number of stems} = \dots\dots\dots 0.2$  tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 1 Transect 2 2 Total number of stems = 2

Size Class 2 tons / acre =  $0.892 \times \text{total number of stems} = \dots\dots\dots 1.8$  tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
 Stem 1 = 4.0 16  
 Stem 2 =                
 Stem 3 =                
 Stem 4 =                
 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 16

Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
 Stem 1 = 4.9 24.01  
 Stem 2 = 3.4 11.56  
 Stem 3 = 7.9 62.41  
 Stem 4 =                
 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 98

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 114

PLOT 2

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = 7.8$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) = 9.8 tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = 541.5$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = 37.4$  cubic meters/ha ✓

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 |||| Subplot 2 ||| Average 53  $\times 250 = 1325$  stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 40 % 2 23 % 3 30 % 4 20 % Average 28 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 50 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 0 % ... Average 50 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp.
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> <u>XX</u>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i> <u>1</u>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i> ✓	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i> <u>□</u>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> <u>••</u>	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

✓ BL. WILLow 0.167	38%	✓ GR ASH 26	49%
✓ SILVER MAPLE 0.098	22%	✓ BL WILLow 6	11%
GR. ASH 0.063	14%	AM ELM 3	5%
B36			
RED MAPLE 0.051			
Box ELDER 0.04			
AM ELM 0.017			

CAREX SP. 25%  
 CREEPING JENNY 10%  
 RUMEX SP. 1%

**Basal Area - PLOT 2**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
4.9	12.446	154.903	0.012
5.6	14.224	202.322	0.016
4.0	10.160	103.226	0.008
5.3	13.462	181.225	0.014
5.4	13.716	188.129	0.015
8.9	22.606	511.031	0.040
8.8	22.352	499.612	0.039
9.1	23.114	534.257	0.042
5.7	14.478	209.612	0.017
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
8.8	22.352	499.612	0.039
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
5.7	14.478	209.612	0.017
5.8	14.732	217.032	0.017
10.0	25.400	645.160	0.051
5.1	12.954	167.806	0.013
4.9	12.446	154.903	0.012
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
3.9	9.906	98.129	0.008
4.0	10.160	103.226	0.008
4.3	10.922	119.290	0.009
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
4.2	10.668	113.806	0.009
<b>Total</b>			<b>0.437</b>

PFO

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-Team  
 Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS PLOT 3 Date : 4-6-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 3198/50 64
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient 0.03 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + 0.005 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + 0.025 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + 0.1 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.16
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... SILTY CLAY 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 3

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 40.63 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 760 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 10.3 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 6.2 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 250 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 250 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ... 38 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 85 % 2 2 % 3 7 % 4 60 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 95 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 85 % 2 95 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 33 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 33 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %



# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-Team

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 3 Date : 4-6-2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.000079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
GR ASH	11 ✓			PIN OAK	10.1		
GR ASH	9.4 ✓			SILVERM	10.4		
CARYA SP.	4.1 ✓			SILVERM	4.4		
SWEETGUM	17.5 ✓			AM. ELM	7.3		
BOX ELDER	8.5 ✓			SW. GUM	5.2 ✓		
GR. ASH	8.4 ✓			SW. GUM	21.3 ✓		
AM ELM	5.0 ✓			SW. GUM	4.4 ✓		
SW. GUM	7.9 ✓			R. BIRCH	13.3		
SW. GUM	15 ✓			SW. GUM	9.9 ✓		
IRONWOOD	4.5 ✓			Q. MICHAUXII	4.1		
SW. GUM	20.4 ✓			AM. ELM	4.5 ✓		
SILVERM	13.2			SW. GUM	14.5 ✓		

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 1.625 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 40.63 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 28 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 700 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 100 stems/ha

21/22.  $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 1 Transect 2 1 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 1 tons / acre = 0.187 × total number of stems = ..... 0.2 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 1 Transect 2 1 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 2 tons / acre = 0.892 × total number of stems = ..... 0.9 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1	diameter	diameter <sup>2</sup>	Transect 2	diameter	diameter <sup>2</sup>
Stem 1 =	<u>3.4</u>	<u>11.56</u>	Stem 1 =	<u>3.5</u>	<u>12.25</u>
Stem 2 =	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Stem 2 =	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>
Stem 3 =	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Stem 3 =	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>
Stem 4 =	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Stem 4 =	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>
Total diameter <sup>2</sup>	<u>11.56</u>		Total diameter <sup>2</sup>	<u>12.25</u>	

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 23.8

SW. GUM - 11 / 9.7 / 7.0  
AM. ELM - 4.6 /

PLOT 3

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = 1.6$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $2.7$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = 149.2$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = 10.3$  cubic meters/ha  $V_{wo}$

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 HHH Subplot 2 HHH Average 10  $\times 250 = 250$  stems/ha

104 SAMPLE

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 85 % 2 2 % 3 7 % 4 60 % Average 38 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 85 % 2 95 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 95 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 0 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 0 % Ground Vegetation = 0 % Average 33 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp. ✓
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i> ✓
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> ✓	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i> *	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> *	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> *	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i> ✓

SWEETGUM 0.959 59%

ILEX 10%

SWEETGUM 10%

ULMUS Am 10%

CREeping JENNY 75% ✓  
 CAREX SP. 1%  
 ASTER SP. 4%  
 RANUNCULUS SP. 5%

B36

85

**Basal Area - PLOT 3**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
11.0	27.940	780.644	0.062
9.4	23.876	570.063	0.045
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
17.5	44.450	1975.803	0.156
8.5	21.590	466.128	0.037
8.4	21.336	455.225	0.036
5.0	12.700	161.290	0.013
7.9	20.066	402.644	0.032
15.0	38.100	1451.610	0.115
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
20.4	51.816	2684.898	0.212
13.2	33.528	1124.127	0.089
10.1	25.654	658.128	0.052
10.4	26.416	697.805	0.055
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
7.3	18.542	343.806	0.027
5.2	13.208	174.451	0.014
21.3	54.102	2927.026	0.231
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
13.3	33.782	1141.224	0.090
9.9	25.146	632.321	0.050
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
14.5	36.830	1356.449	0.107
11.0	27.940	780.644	0.062
9.7	24.638	607.031	0.048
7.0	17.780	316.128	0.025
4.6	11.684	136.516	0.011
<b>Total</b>			<b>1.625</b>

PFO

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-Team  
 Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS | PLOT 4 Date : 4-6-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat ... 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ... 5635/50 ..... 112
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient  $\frac{1}{100} (n_{BASE}) + \frac{1}{100} (n_{TOPO}) + \frac{1}{100} (n_{OBS}) + \frac{1}{100} (n_{VEG}) = \dots \dots \dots$  0.145
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... SILTY CLAY ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐



PLOT 4

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 52.08 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 1125 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 50 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-15 m transects sampled
21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 11.1 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-0.004 subplots sampled
23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 1250 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 1250 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled for trees & shrub/saplings  
4 1m<sup>2</sup> plots sampled for ground vegetation
24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ... 30 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 25 % 2 25 % 3 30 % 4 40 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 81 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 95 % 2 100 % 3 50 % 4 80 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 83 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 83 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %

PFO

# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-TeamProject Name/Location : 7HILLS Plot Number : 4 Date : 4-6-2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.000079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
SILVERMAPLE	6.2			R. BIRCH	7.9		
SILVER M.	12			SILVER M.	4.7		
R. BIRCH	8.9			SYCAMORE	6.8		
R. BIRCH	12			SILVER M.	5.0		
SILVER M.	6.4			R. BIRCH	10.9		
R. BIRCH	8.9			R. BIRCH	7.5		
R. BIRCH	8.5			R. BIRCH	9.5		
R. BIRCH	10.3			PIN OAK	6.2		
SILVER M.	7.9			R. BIRCH	8.0		
BOX ELD.	4.1			R. BIRCH	10.5		
BOX ELD.	4.2			R. BIRCH	9.9		
R. BIRCH	9.7			AM ELM	3.9		

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 2.134 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 53.36 m<sup>2</sup>/ha19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 45 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 1125 stems/ha20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 2 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 50 stems/ha21/22.  $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$ 

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 0Size Class 1 tons / acre = 0.187 × total number of stems = ..... 0 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 0Size Class 2 tons / acre = 0.892 × total number of stems = ..... 0 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (&gt; 7.6 cm / &gt;3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>

Stem 1 = 0 0

Stem 2 = 0 0

Stem 3 = 0 0

Stem 4 = 0 0

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 0

Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>

Stem 1 = 0 0

Stem 2 = 0 0

Stem 3 = 0 0

Stem 4 = 0 0

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 0

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 0

PIN OAK - 4.1

Appendix B Summaries and Forms for Field Use

SILVER M. - 5.8 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.5

SYCAMORE | 4.3 | 5.3

R BIRCH - 11.7 | 11.6 | 11 | 8.5 | 9.9 | 6.7 | 11.4

AM ELM - 9.2

GR. ASH - 4.4

COTTONWOOD 28.8

B35

PLOT 4

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = \underline{0}$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $\underline{2.9}$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = \underline{160.3}$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = \underline{11.1}$  cubic meters/ha  $V_{wB}$

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems (two 0.004 ha subplots) then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 44 111 Subplot 2 11 Average 5  $\times 250 = \underline{1250}$  stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 25 % 2 25 % 3 30 % 4 40 % Average 30 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 95 % 2 100 % 3 50 % 4 80 % Average 81 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 50 % .... Average 83 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i> ✓	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp. <u>15</u>
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i> ✓
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> ✓	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> ✓	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i> ✓

RIVERBCH 1.2 56  
 COTTAGE 0.42

GRASH 6

Am Elm 2

60%

20%

CREeping JUNNY 5% ✓

ASTER SP. 15% ✓

RAMNUS SP. 4%

CAREX SP. 1%

25%

B36

**Basal Area - PLOT 4**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
6.2	15.748	248.000	0.020
12.0	30.480	929.030	0.073
8.9	22.606	511.031	0.040
12.0	30.480	929.030	0.073
6.4	16.256	264.258	0.021
8.9	22.606	511.031	0.040
8.5	21.590	466.128	0.037
10.3	26.162	684.450	0.054
7.9	20.066	402.644	0.032
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
4.2	10.668	113.806	0.009
9.7	24.638	607.031	0.048
7.9	20.066	402.644	0.032
4.7	11.938	142.516	0.011
6.8	17.272	298.322	0.024
5.0	12.700	161.290	0.013
10.9	27.686	766.515	0.061
7.5	19.050	362.903	0.029
9.5	24.130	582.257	0.046
6.2	15.748	248.000	0.020
8.0	20.320	412.902	0.033
10.5	26.670	711.289	0.056
9.9	25.146	632.321	0.050
3.9	9.906	98.129	0.008
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
5.8	14.732	217.032	0.017
6.8	17.272	298.322	0.024
7.2	18.288	334.451	0.026
7.5	19.050	362.903	0.029
14.3	36.322	1319.288	0.104
5.3	13.462	181.225	0.014
11.7	29.718	883.160	0.070
11.6	29.464	868.127	0.069
11.0	27.940	780.644	0.062
8.5	21.590	466.128	0.037
9.9	25.146	632.321	0.050
6.7	17.018	289.612	0.023
11.4	28.956	838.450	0.066
9.2	23.368	546.063	0.043
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
28.8	73.152	5351.215	0.423
11.5	29.210	853.224	0.067
12.0	30.480	929.030	0.073
10.0	25.400	645.160	0.051
7.8	19.812	392.515	0.031
<b>Total</b>			<b>2.134</b>



plot 5

DSS

**Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky**

Assessment Team : A-Team  
 Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS PLOT 5B Date : 4-6-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 4742/50 95
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient .03 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + .01 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + .025 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + .1 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.165
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile SILT LOAM ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 5B

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 12.77 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 925 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 23.6 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 17.354 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 3500 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 3500 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 75 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 10 % 2 5 % 3 15 % 4 0 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 67 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 67 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %

# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A TEAM

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 58 Date : 4-6-2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.000079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
BL. WILLOW	6.0			" "	5.3		
BL. WILLOW	4.9			" "	4.6		
BL. WILLOW	4.4			" "	5.0		
" "	4.1			" "	4.9		
" "	4.5			" "	4.8		
" "	5.3			" "	5.7		
" "	4.2			" "	3.9		
" "	7.4			" "	4.5		
" "	8.6			" "	5.0		
" "	5.4			" "	5.7		
" "	6.0			" "	6.2		
" "	5.9			" "	4.3		

BL. WILLOW 5.5  
" " 4.0  
" " 4.0  
" " 5.4  
" " 4.3  
" " 4.9  
" " 4.8  
" " 5.1  
" " 4.3  
" " 5.4  
" " 4.6  
" " 4.5  
" " 6.0

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 15.11 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 12.77 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 37 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 925 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 0 stems/ha

## 21/22. $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 4

Size Class 1 tons / acre =  $0.187 \times \text{total number of stems} = \dots\dots\dots 0.7$  tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 1 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 2 tons / acre =  $0.892 \times \text{total number of stems} = \dots\dots\dots 0.9$  tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
Stem 1 = 7.3 53.29  
Stem 2 =                
Stem 3 =                
Stem 4 =                
Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 53.29

Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
Stem 1 = 3.6 12.96  
Stem 2 =                
Stem 3 =                
Stem 4 =                
Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 13.00

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 66.3

PLOT 5B

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = 4.6$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $6.2$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = 342.6$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = 23.6$  cubic meters/ha  $V_{w0}$

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems (two 0.004 ha subplots) then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 |||| Subplot 2 |||| Average 14  $\times 250 = 3500$  stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 10 % 2 5 % 3 15 % 4 0 % Average 7.5 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 0 % .... Average 67 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp.
<i>Carya laciniosa</i>	<i>Carya laciniosa</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i>	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

GR ASH 13 46%  
 BL willow 15 53

LIZARD'S TAIL 10%



**Basal Area - PLOT 5B**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
6.0	15.240	232.258	0.018
4.9	12.446	154.903	0.012
4.4	11.176	124.903	0.010
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
5.3	13.462	181.225	0.014
4.2	10.668	113.806	0.009
7.4	18.796	353.290	0.028
8.6	21.844	477.160	0.038
5.4	13.716	188.129	0.015
6.0	15.240	232.258	0.018
5.9	14.986	224.580	0.018
5.3	13.462	181.225	0.014
4.6	11.684	136.516	0.011
5.0	12.700	161.290	0.013
4.9	12.446	154.903	0.012
4.8	12.192	148.645	0.012
5.7	14.478	209.612	0.017
3.9	9.906	98.129	0.008
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
5.0	12.700	161.290	0.013
5.7	14.478	209.612	0.017
6.2	15.748	248.000	0.020
4.3	10.922	119.290	0.009
5.5	13.970	195.161	0.015
4.0	10.160	103.226	0.008
4.0	10.160	103.226	0.008
5.4	13.716	188.129	0.015
4.3	10.922	119.290	0.009
4.9	12.446	154.903	0.012
4.8	12.192	148.645	0.012
5.1	12.954	167.806	0.013
4.3	10.922	119.290	0.009
5.4	13.716	188.129	0.015
4.6	11.684	136.516	0.011
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
6.0	15.240	232.258	0.018
<b>Total</b>			<b>0.511</b>

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-TEAM  
 Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS SITE 6 Date : 4-6-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat ... 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 3375/50 ..... 60
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient 0.03 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + 0.1 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + 0.025 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + 0.1 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.165
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... SILTY CLAY ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

Plot 6

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 39.07 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 675 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 50 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-15 m transects sampled
21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 85.8 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 80.8 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 450 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 450 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ... 11.3 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 20 % 2 10 % 3 5 % 4 10 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 83.8 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 90 % 2 90 % 3 60 % 4 95 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 44.3 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 44.3 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %

# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-TEAM

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 6 Date : 4-6-2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.00079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
SILVER M.	12.4			SILVER M.	9.6		
SYCAMORE	10.4			" "	12.2		
SILVER M.	8.7			" "	4.5		
SILVER M.	6.3			" "	5.3		
SILVER M.	21.2			BOX ELDER	10.1		
SILVER M.	9.0			SUGARBERRY	4.8		
SILVER M.	7.8			SUGARBERRY	6.6		
SILVER M.	10.3			AM. ELM	10.1		
SILVER M.	12.1			BOX ELDER	7.9		
" "	15.7			AM. ELM	4.0		
" "	6.5			BOX ELDER	6.0		
" "	15.2			" "	5.9		

HACBERRY  
6.2

SUGARBERRY  
6.0

COTTONWOOD  
22.5

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 1.563 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 39.07 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 27 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 675 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 50 stems/ha

21/22.  $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 2

Size Class 1 tons / acre = 0.187 × total number of stems = 0.4 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 2 tons / acre = 0.892 × total number of stems = 0.9 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
Stem 1 = 15.5 240.3  
Stem 2 =                
Stem 3 =                
Stem 4 =                
Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 240.3

Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
Stem 1 = 4.7 22.1  
Stem 2 = 3.2 10.2  
Stem 3 = 6.0 36  
Stem 4 =                
Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 68.3

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 308.6



Plot 6

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = 21.2$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $22.5$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = 1243.3$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = 85.8$  cubic meters/ha ✓

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 111 Subplot 2 111 Average 18  $\times 250 = 450$  stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 20 % 2 10 % 3 5 % 4 10 % Average 11.3 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 90 % 2 90 % 3 60 % 4 95 % Average 83.8 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 60 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 0 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 33 % .... Average 44.3 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp. ✓
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i> ✓
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> ??	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

✓ COMMON BLUE VIOLET 5%  
 ✓ ASTER SP. 10%  
 ✓ CREEPING JENNY 5%

**Basal Area - PLOT 6**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
12.4	31.496	991.998	0.078
10.4	26.416	697.805	0.055
8.7	22.098	488.322	0.039
6.3	16.002	256.064	0.020
21.2	53.848	2899.607	0.229
9.0	22.860	522.580	0.041
9.8	24.892	619.612	0.049
10.3	26.162	684.450	0.054
12.1	30.734	944.579	0.075
15.7	39.878	1590.255	0.126
6.5	16.510	272.580	0.022
15.2	38.608	1490.578	0.118
9.6	24.384	594.579	0.047
12.2	30.988	960.256	0.076
4.5	11.430	130.645	0.010
5.3	13.462	181.225	0.014
10.1	25.654	658.128	0.052
4.8	12.192	148.645	0.012
6.6	16.764	281.032	0.022
10.1	25.654	658.128	0.052
7.9	20.066	402.644	0.032
4.0	10.160	103.226	0.008
6.0	15.240	232.258	0.018
5.9	14.986	224.580	0.018
6.2	15.748	248.000	0.020
6.0	15.240	232.258	0.018
22.5	57.150	3266.123	0.258
<b>Total</b>			<b>1.563</b>

PSS

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-TEAMProject Name/Location: 7 HILLS PLOT 7BDate : 4-6-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ... 33.75/50 ..... 67
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient 103 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + 106 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + 1002 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + 105 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.132
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %.
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ... SILTY CLAY ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 7B

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 1.2 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 25 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-15 m transects sampled
21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 575 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 575 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 72 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 90 % 2 80 % 3 40 % 4 80 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 33 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 33 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %





PLOT 7B

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = \frac{0}{0}$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $\frac{0}{0}$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = \frac{0}{0}$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = \frac{0}{0}$  cubic meters/ha

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 HHH HHH HH Subplot 2 HHH III Average 23  $\times 250 =$  575 stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 90 % 2 80 % 3 40 % 4 80 % Average 72 %

25.  $V_{OHR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

26.  $V_{AHR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 0 % Ground Vegetation = 0 % Average 33 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp.
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> ✓	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i>	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

PHALARIS 90%

***Basal Area - PLOT 7B***

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
9.8	24.892	619.612	0.049
<b>Total</b>			<b>0.049</b>

P55

# Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-Team  
 Project Name/Location: 7 Hills Plot 8 Date : 4-7-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 3155/50 63
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
 Check data source: gage data ☒ local knowledge ☒ flood frequency curves ☐ regional dimensionless curve ☐ hydrologic modeling ☐ other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient  $\frac{.03}{(n_{BASE})} + \frac{.005}{(n_{TOPO})} + \frac{.01}{(n_{OBS})} + \frac{.05}{(n_{VEG})} = \dots \dots \dots$  .095
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %.
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
 Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile SILTY CLAY ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐



Plot 8

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

- 1-0.04 ha plot sampled
18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1      m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2      m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3      m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4      m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1      stems/ha 2      stems/ha 3      stems/ha 4      stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1      stems/ha 2      stems/ha 3      stems/ha 4      stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-15 m transects sampled
21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 9.5 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1      m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2      m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3      m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4      m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 9.5 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1      m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2      m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3      m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4      m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

- 2-0.004 ha subplots sampled
23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 10,000 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 10,000 stems/ha 2      stem/ha 3      stems/ha 4      stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 0 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 0 % 2 0 % 3 0 % 4 0 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 0 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 0 % 2      % 3      % 4      %

# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-Team

Project Name/Location : THILLS Plot Number : 8 Date : 4.7.2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.00079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
<u>None</u>							

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 0 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 0 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEV}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 0 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 0 stems/ha

21/22.  $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 0

Size Class 1 tons / acre = 0.187 × total number of stems = 0 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 0

Size Class 2 tons / acre = 0.892 × total number of stems = 0 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
 Stem 1 = 6 36  
 Stem 2 =            
 Stem 3 =            
 Stem 4 =            
 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 36

Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
 Stem 1 = 0 0  
 Stem 2 =            
 Stem 3 =            
 Stem 4 =            
 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 0

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 36

PLOT 8

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = 2.5$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $2.5$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = 138.1$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = 9.5$  cubic meters/ha  $V_{wo}$

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 44 Subplot 2 44 Average 40  $\times 250 = 10,000$  stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 0 % 2 0 % 3 0 % 4 0 % Average 0 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 0 % Shrub/Sapling = 0 % Ground Vegetation = 0 % .... Average 0 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp.
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i>	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

PFB

PLOT 9

**Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky**

Assessment Team : \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS PLOT 9 Date: 4-7-2017

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ..... 3155/50 ..... 63
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other ☐
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient .03 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + .005 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + .01 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + .1 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... .145
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☒
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 30 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... SILT/CLAY ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 9

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 32.1 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 750 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 25 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 32.4 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 24.1 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 375 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 375 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stem/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 46 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 49 % 2 65 % 3 30 % 4 40 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 97.5 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 95 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 95 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %



# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : A-Team

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 9 Date : 4-7-2017

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.000079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
PIN OAK	17.8			Q. BICOLOR	14.1		
GR ASH	11.1			PIN OAK	5.4		
PIN OAK	4.6			AM. ELM	11.0		
GR. ASH	8.7			AM. ELM	4.2		
GR. ASH	7.0			GR ASH	7.6		
AM. ELM	5.4			GR. ASH	13.0		
GR. ASH	12.6			AM. ELM	4.8		
PIN OAK	4.1			GR. ASH	10.6		
GR. ASH	13.1			AM. ELM	3.9		
GR. ASH	8.5			Q. BICOLOR	14.8		
GR. ASH	7.3			GR ASH	6.4		
AM. ELM	4.1			PIN OAK	11.2		

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 1.285 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 32.1 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 30 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 750 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 1 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 25 stems/ha

21/22.  $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 1 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 1 tons / acre = 0.187 × total number of stems = ..... 1.3 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 0 Transect 2 1 Total number of stems = 1

Size Class 2 tons / acre = 0.892 × total number of stems = ..... 0.9 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
 Stem 1 = 9.6 92.2  
 Stem 2 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stem 3 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stem 4 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 92.2

Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>  
 Stem 1 = 0 0  
 Stem 2 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stem 3 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stem 4 = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 0

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 92.2

GR. ASH - 6.2 / 10.7

BOX ELDER - 6.0

AM. ELM - 4.7 / 5.8

PIN OAK - 6.2

PLOT 9

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = \frac{6.3}{8.5}$  tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $\frac{6.3}{8.5}$  tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = \frac{469.7}{32.4}$  cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = \frac{469.7}{32.4}$  cubic meters/ha  $V_{wa}$

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 111 Subplot 2 111 Average  $15 \times 250 = 375$  stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 49 % 2 65 % 3 30 % 4 40 % Average 46 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 95 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 95 % Average 97.5 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 100 % ... Average 100 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp. ✓
<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Carya laciniata</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i> *	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i> *	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> ✗	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i> ✓

\* ASTER SP. - 35%  
 ① CAREX SP. - 2%  
 VIOLA SORORIA - 7%  
 ② CAREX SP. - 3%  
 CREEPING JENNY - 2%

**Basal Area - PLOT 9**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
17.8	45.212	2044.125	0.161
11.1	28.194	794.902	0.063
4.6	11.684	136.516	0.011
8.7	22.098	488.322	0.039
7.0	17.780	316.128	0.025
5.4	13.716	188.129	0.015
12.6	32.004	1024.256	0.081
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
13.1	33.274	1107.159	0.087
8.5	21.590	466.128	0.037
7.3	18.542	343.806	0.027
4.1	10.414	108.451	0.009
14.1	35.814	1282.643	0.101
5.4	13.716	188.129	0.015
11.0	27.940	780.644	0.062
4.2	10.668	113.806	0.009
7.6	19.304	372.644	0.029
13.0	33.020	1090.320	0.086
4.8	12.192	148.645	0.012
10.6	26.924	724.902	0.057
3.9	9.906	98.129	0.008
14.8	37.592	1413.158	0.112
6.4	16.256	264.258	0.021
11.2	28.448	809.289	0.064
6.2	15.748	248.000	0.020
10.7	27.178	738.644	0.058
6.0	15.240	232.258	0.018
4.7	11.938	142.516	0.011
5.8	14.732	217.032	0.017
6.5	16.510	272.580	0.022
<b>Total</b>			<b>1.285</b>

PFO

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS PLOT 10 Date : 4-14-17

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 0.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio 5706/50 ..... 114
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
Check data source: gage data ☒, local knowledge ☒, flood frequency curves ☐, regional dimensionless curve ☐, hydrologic modeling ☐, other \_\_\_\_\_
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient 103 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + .005 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + .01 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + 0.1 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.145
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐  
Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
Check data source: groundwater well, ☐ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey ☐
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent ☐

PLOT 10

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 34.714 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 275 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 0 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 25.5 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 6.06 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 875 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 875 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stem/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GYC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 19 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 70 % 2 3 % 3 3 % 4 1 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 96 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 95 % 2 90 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 78 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 78 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %



# Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 10 Date : 4-14-17

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.000079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

14.

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
SUGARBELL	6.3						
RED MAPLE	11.6						
SWEETGUM	19						
RED MAPLE	18.3						
RED MAPLE	7.4						
BOX ELDER	11.1						
SWEETGUM	22.5						
HICKORY SHELLBARK	6.2						
GREEN ASH	18.2						
RED MAPLE	19.6						
Q. MICHAUXII	20.4						

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 1.389 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 34.714 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 11 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 275 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 0 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 0 stems/ha

## 21/22. $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 ||| Transect 2 ||| Total number of stems = 8

Size Class 1 tons / acre = 0.187 × total number of stems = ..... 1.5 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 |||| Transect 2 \_\_\_\_\_ Total number of stems = 4

Size Class 2 tons / acre = 0.892 × total number of stems = ..... 3.6 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup> Transect 2 diameter diameter<sup>2</sup>

Stem 1 = 3.3 10.89 Stem 1 = 0 \_\_\_\_\_

Stem 2 = 3.5 12.25 Stem 2 = \_\_\_\_\_

Stem 3 = \_\_\_\_\_ Stem 3 = \_\_\_\_\_

Stem 4 = \_\_\_\_\_ Stem 4 = \_\_\_\_\_

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 23.14 Total diameter<sup>2</sup> 0

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 23.14

PLOT 10

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2 \text{ of stems from both transects} = 1.59 \text{ tons/acre}$   
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) =  $6.69 \text{ tons/acre}$   
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58 = 369.7 \text{ cubic feet/acre}$   
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069 = 25.5 \text{ cubic meters/ha}$  *V<sub>WD</sub>*

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:

Subplot 1 *104 SAMPLE* *||||* *||||* *||||* Subplot 2 *||||* *||||* *||||* *||||* Average  $35 \times 250 = 875 \text{ stems/ha}$

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:

1 70 % 2 3 % 3 3 % 4 1 % ..... Average 19 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:

1 95 % 2 90 % 3 100 % 4 100 % ..... Average 96 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four m<sup>2</sup> subplots then average:

1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % ..... Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below

Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 100 % Ground Vegetation = 33 % .... Average 78 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i> ✓	<i>Acer rubrum</i> <i>☒</i> ✓	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp. ✓
<i>Carya laciniosa</i>	<i>Carya laciniosa</i>	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i> ::	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i> ::	<i>Carex squarosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> ✓	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> :: ✓	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i> ::	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> ::	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

1.389

50% = 0.69

20% = 0.27

ACER R. 0.463  
 LIQUIDAMBAR 0.442  
 Q. MICHAUXII 0.212

33%  
 31%  
 15%

ACER R. ⑨ 25%  
 FRAXINUS P. ⑦ 20%  
 CARPINUS C. ④ 11%

ASTER SP. - 25% ✓  
 PACKERA GLAB. - 20% ✓  
 CREEPING JENNY - 15% ✓

**Basal Area - PLOT 10**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
6.3	16.002	256.064	0.020
11.6	29.464	868.127	0.069
19.0	48.260	2329.028	0.184
18.3	46.482	2160.576	0.171
7.4	18.796	353.290	0.028
11.1	28.194	794.902	0.063
22.5	57.150	3266.123	0.258
6.2	15.748	248.000	0.020
18.2	46.228	2137.028	0.169
19.6	49.784	2478.447	0.196
20.4	51.816	2684.898	0.212
<b>Total</b>			<b>1.389</b>

## Field Data Sheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name/Location: 7 HILLS PLOT 11 Date: 4-14-17

Sample variables 1-6 using aerial photos, topographic maps, scenic overlooks, local informants, etc.

1.  $V_{TRACT}$  Area of wetland that is contiguous with the WAA and of the same subclass ..... 890 ha
2.  $V_{CORE}$  Percent of wetland tract that is >300 m from unsuitable habitat ..... 47 %
3.  $V_{CONNECT}$  Percent of wetland tract perimeter that is "connected" to suitable habitat .. 72 %
4.  $V_{SLOPE}$  Percent floodplain slope ..... 9.03 %
5.  $V_{STORE}$  Floodplain width to channel width ratio ... 5700/50 ..... 114
6.  $V_{MACRO}$  Percent of WAA covered with macrotopographic features ..... 6 %

Sample variables 7-17 based on a walking reconnaissance of the WAA

7.  $V_{FREQ}$  Overbank flood recurrence interval ..... 1 years  
Check data source: gage data \_\_, local knowledge \_\_, flood frequency curves \_\_, regional dimensionless curve \_\_, hydrologic modeling \_\_, other \_\_\_\_\_.
8.  $V_{ROUGH}$  Roughness Coefficient .03 ( $n_{BASE}$ ) + .005 ( $n_{TOPO}$ ) + .01 ( $n_{OBS}$ ) + .1 ( $n_{VEG}$ ) = ..... 0.145
9.  $V_{SOILINT}$  Percent of WAA with altered soils ..... 0 %
10.  $V_{WTF}$  Water table fluctuation is (check one): ..... present ☒ absent \_\_\_\_\_  
Check data source: groundwater well, \_\_ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey \_\_.
11.  $V_{WTD}$  Water table depth is ..... 1 inches  
Check data source: groundwater well, \_\_ redoximorphic features, ☒ County Soil Survey \_\_.
12.  $V_{WTSLOPE}$  Percent of WAA with an altered water table slope ..... 38 %
13.  $V_{SOILPERM}$  Soil permeability ..... 0.4 (in./hr)
14.  $V_{PORE}$  Percent effective soil porosity ..... 43 %
15.  $V_{SURFCON}$  Percent of adjacent stream reach with altered surface connections ..... 67 %
16.  $V_{CLAY}$  Percent of WAA with altered clay content in soil profile ..... 0 %
17.  $V_{REDOX}$  Redoximorphic features are (check one): ..... present ☒ absent \_\_\_\_\_

PLOT 11

Sample variables 18-20 from a representative number of locations in the WAA using a 0.04 ha circular plot (11.3 m (37 ft) radius)

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Tree basal area (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 40.25 m<sup>2</sup>/ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>/ha
19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Number of tree stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 425 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha
20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Number of snags (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 25 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 21-22 on two (2) 15 m transects partially within the 0.04 ha plot

21.  $V_{WD}$  Volume of woody debris (average of transect values on next line) ..... 19.8 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha
22.  $V_{LOG}$  Volume of logs (average of transect values on next line) ..... 5.9 m<sup>3</sup>/ha  
Transect: 1 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ m<sup>3</sup>/ha

Sample variable 23 in two (2) 0.004 ha circular subplots (3.6 m (11.8 ft) radius) placed in representative locations of the 0.04 ha plot

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Number of woody understory stems (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 950 stems / ha  
0.04 ha plots: 1 950 stems/ha 2 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 3 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha 4 \_\_\_\_ stems/ha

Sample variables 24-26 in four (4) m<sup>2</sup> subplots placed in representative locations of each quadrant of the 0.04 ha plot

24.  $V_{GYC}$  Average cover of ground vegetation (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) .. 20 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 15 % 2 5 % 3 25 % 4 35 %
25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Average cover of "O" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 98.8 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 \_\_\_\_ % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %
26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Average cover of "A" Horizon (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) ..... 100 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 100 % 2 95 % 3 100 % 4 100 %
27.  $V_{COMP}$  Concurrence with all strata dominants (average of 0.04 ha plot values on next line) 33.3 %  
Average of 0.04 ha plots sampled: 1 33 % 2 \_\_\_\_ % 3 \_\_\_\_ % 4 \_\_\_\_ %



PFO

## Plot Worksheet: Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands in Western Kentucky

Assessment Team : \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name/Location : 7 HILLS Plot Number : 11 Date : 4-14-17

Record dbh (cm) of trees by species below, square dbh values (cm<sup>2</sup>), multiply result by 0.00079 (m<sup>2</sup>), and sum resulting values in shaded columns (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha). Record in 18.  $V_{TBA}$ , multiply by 25 (m<sup>2</sup>/ha).

Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)	Species	dbh (cm)	dbh <sup>2</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	× 0.00079 (m <sup>2</sup> /0.04 ha)
RED MAPLE	6.8			SWEETGUM	13.6		
RED MAPLE	4.9			C. LACINIOSA	4.0		
SNAG				RED MAPLE	5.7		
SWEETGUM	2.7			" "	5.8		
RED MAPLE	5.8			" "	10.4		
RED MAPLE	14.5			" "	23.2		
" "	14.6						
AM. ELM	5.1						
RED MAPLE	11.2						
RED MAPLE	8.5						
" "	18.8						
" "	20.3						

18.  $V_{TBA}$  Sum of values from shaded columns above = 1.610 (m<sup>2</sup>/0.04 ha) × 25 = 40.25 m<sup>2</sup>/ha

19.  $V_{TDEN}$  Total number of tree stems from above = 17 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 425 stems/ha

20.  $V_{SNAG}$  Total number of snag stems from above = 1 (stems/0.04 ha) × 25 = 25 stems/ha

### 21/22. $V_{WD}/V_{LOG}$

Record number of stems in Size Class 1 (0.6-2.5 cm / 0.25-1 in) along a 6 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 |||| Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 10

Size Class 1 tons / acre =  $0.187 \times \text{total number of stems} = \dots\dots\dots$  1.9 tons/acre

Record number of stems in Size Class 2 (2.5 - 7.6 cm / 1-3 in) along 12 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1 || Transect 2 0 Total number of stems = 2

Size Class 2 tons / acre =  $0.892 \times \text{total number of stems} = \dots\dots\dots$  1.8 tons/acre

Record diameter of stems in Size Class 3 (> 7.6 cm / >3 in) along 50 ft section of Transect 1 and 2

Transect 1	diameter	diameter <sup>2</sup>	Transect 2	diameter	diameter <sup>2</sup>
Stem 1 =	<u>3.5</u>	<u>12.25</u>	Stem 1 =	<u>3.2</u>	<u>10.24</u>
Stem 2 =	_____	_____	Stem 2 =	_____	_____
Stem 3 =	_____	_____	Stem 3 =	_____	_____
Stem 4 =	_____	_____	Stem 4 =	_____	_____
Total diameter <sup>2</sup>	_____	_____	Total diameter <sup>2</sup>	_____	_____

Total diameter<sup>2</sup> of stems from both transects = 22.49

PLOT 11

Size Class 3 tons / acre =  $0.0687 \times \text{Total diameter}^2$  of stems from both transects = 1.5 tons/acre  
 Total tons / acre (sum of Size Classes 1-3 from above) = 5.2 tons/acre  
 Cubic feet / acre =  $(32.05 \times \text{total tons / acre}) / 0.58$  = 287.3 cubic feet/acre  
 Cubic meters / ha =  $\text{cubic feet / acre} \times 0.069$  = 19.8 cubic meters/ha  $V_{wa}$

23.  $V_{SSD}$  Tally woody understory stems two 0.004 ha subplots then average and multiply by 250:  
 Subplot 1 ||||| Subplot 2 ||||| Average 38  $\times 250 =$  950 stems/ha

24.  $V_{GVC}$  Estimate percent cover of ground vegetation in four  $m^2$  subplots then average:  
 1 15 % 2 5 % 3 25 % 4 35 % Average 20 %

25.  $V_{OHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "O" Horizon in four  $m^2$  subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 95 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 98.8 %

26.  $V_{AHOR}$  Estimate percent cover of "A" Horizon in four  $m^2$  subplots then average:  
 1 100 % 2 100 % 3 100 % 4 100 % Average 100 %

27.  $V_{COMP}$  Determine percent concurrence with each strata using the table below  
 Tree = 100 % Shrub/Sapling = 50 % Ground Vegetation =     % .... Average 33.3 %

Dominant Species by Strata in Western Kentucky Low Gradient Riverine Wetlands		
Tree	Shrub/Sapling	Ground Vegetation
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>
<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Betula nigra</i>	<i>Aster</i> sp.
<i>Carya laciniosa</i>	<i>Carya laciniosa</i> **	<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	<i>Carex squarrosa</i>
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	<i>Eragrostis alba</i>
<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> <u>    </u>	<i>Glyceria striata</i>
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Ilex decidua</i> *	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> **	<i>Impatiens capensis</i>
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Panicum</i> sp.
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	<i>Pilea pumila</i>
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	<i>Quercus phellos</i>
<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	<i>Salix nigra</i>
	<i>Quercus pagodifolia</i>	<i>Saururus cernuus</i>
	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>
	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	<i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>
	<i>Salix nigra</i>	<i>Sparganium</i> sp.
	<i>Ulmus americana</i> : *	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>

B36

**Basal Area - PLOT 11**

<b>dbh (in)</b>	<b>dbh (cm)</b>	<b>cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>x .000079</b>
6.8	17.272	298.322	0.024
4.9	12.446	154.903	0.012
27.0	68.580	4703.216	0.372
5.8	14.732	217.032	0.017
14.5	36.830	1356.449	0.107
14.6	37.084	1375.223	0.109
5.1	12.954	167.806	0.013
11.2	28.448	809.289	0.064
8.5	21.590	466.128	0.037
18.8	47.752	2280.254	0.180
20.3	51.562	2658.640	0.210
13.6	34.544	1193.288	0.094
4.0	10.160	103.226	0.008
5.7	14.478	209.612	0.017
5.8	14.732	217.032	0.017
10.4	26.416	697.805	0.055
23.2	58.928	3472.509	0.274
<b>Total</b>			<b>1.610</b>